Financial Statements
And Independent Auditors' Report

Year Ended February 28, 2017

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Members of the Village Council Village of Elk Rapids Elk Rapids, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Elk Rapids, Michigan, as of and for the year ended February 28, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Village's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Elk Rapids, as of February 28, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedules, and certain pension information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Village of Elk Rapids' basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 3, 2017, on our consideration of the Village of Elk Rapids' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Village of Elk Rapids' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C. July 3, 2017

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended February 28, 2017

As management of the **Village of Elk Rapids**, we offer readers of the Village's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Village for the year ended February 28, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the financial statements and notes to financial statements.

The Village as a Whole

Despite the uncertain economy, the Village reports that our governmental activities net position has again increased over the past year. Once again, this has been achieved by careful management, careful spending and adopting a long-term view.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Village's basic financial statements. The Village's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the Village's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the Village's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the Village is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the Village that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the Village include general government, public safety, public works, community and economic development, and recreation and culture. The business-type activities include water, sewer, waste collection, and harbor operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the Village (known as the primary government), but also legally separate entities – the Downtown Development Authority (Eastside), which is a discretely presented component unit of the Village. Financial information for the component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 1-3 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Village, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the Village can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended February 28, 2017

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows* and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The Village maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, major street, local street, and municipal street funds, each of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The Village adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general and special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison statements or schedules have been provided herein to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 4-7 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The Village maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The Village uses enterprise funds to account for its sanitary sewer and water distribution as well as the harbor operations. *Internal service funds* account for operations that provide services for equipment rental and accumulate and allocate costs internally among the Village's various functions. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for three major enterprise funds; water, sewer, and harbor plus non-major waste collection fund and the internal service fund. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 8-10 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the Village's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on page 11 of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to financial statements can be found on pages 12-26 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended February 28, 2017

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other information. This includes comparisons from budgeted amounts to actual amounts in the major governmental funds, combining fund financial statements, and schedules, which can be found on pages 27-38 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the Village of Elk Rapids, assets exceeded liabilities by \$17,862,925 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, which is an increase over last year of \$89,525.

The largest portion of the Village's net position, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, equipment and infrastructure); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The Village uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Village's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

In a condensed format, the table below shows net position as of each fiscal year-end:

	Governme	ental Activities	Business-1	ype Activities			
	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Current and other assets	\$ 1,056,356	\$ 931,635	\$ 4,511,934	\$ 2,454,544			
Capital assets	3,731,277	4,027,966	14,592,249	<u>14,168,133</u>			
Total assets	4,787,633	4,959,604	<u>19,104,183</u>	<u>16,622,677</u>			
Deferred outflows	113,352	115,446					
Current liabilities	19,432	40,761	645,410	916,025			
Non-current liabilities	1,420,951	<u>1,323,875</u>	7,048,336	4,602,945			
Total liabilities	1,440,383	<u>1,364,636</u>	7,693,746	<u>5,518,970</u>			
Deferred inflows Net position:	8,144	40,723					
Net investment in capital assets	3,011,277	3,177,966	10,582,674	9,605,664			
Restricted	216,366	450,053	-	-			
Unrestricted	224,845	41,669	3,839,040	1,498,043			
Total net position	\$ 3,452,488	\$ <u>3,669,688</u>	\$ <u>11,410,437</u>	\$ <u>11,103,707</u>			

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended February 28, 2017

The following table shows the changes in net position for each fiscal year.

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-Type Activitie				
	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 25,993	\$ 25,083	\$ 2,527,481	\$ 2,323,126			
Capital grants and contributions	-	41,721	173,286	1,174,991			
Operating grants	270,794	248,586	9,790	61,377			
General revenues:							
Property taxes	1,250,394	1,165,997	84,107	82,964			
Unrestricted grants	134,984	131,710	-	-			
Investment earnings	1,751	1,748	8,870	4,555			
Gain (loss) on asset disposal	(23,584)	66,150	(68,928)	-			
Other	137,417	128,675	60,592	8,493			
Total revenues	<u>1,757,793</u>	1,809,670	<u>3,655,506</u>	<u>3,655,506</u>			
Program expenses:							
General government	574,578	359,209	-	-			
Public safety	443,303	417,067	-	-			
Public works	635,927	442,339					
Community development	90,657	86,867	-	-			
Recreation and culture	295,656	198,518	-	-			
Interest on long-term debt	19,610	24,595	-	-			
Capital outlay	7,098	98,932	-	-			
Water	-	-	332,621	332,621			
Sewer	-	-	716,322	716,322			
Harbor	-	-	1,003,345	1,003,345			
Waste collection			<u> 102,811</u>	<u> 102,811</u>			
Total expenses	2,066,829	<u>1,627,527</u>	<u>2,155,099</u>	<u>2,155,099</u>			
Transfers	51,877	67,212	(39,143)	(54,512)			
Changes in net position	\$ <u>(217,203)</u>	\$ <u>249,355</u>	\$ <u>306,728</u>	\$ <u>1,445,855</u>			

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, approximately quarterly, the Village Manager recommends amendments to the budget to take into account unforeseen events happening during the year and changes in expectations.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

At the end of the fiscal year, the Village had a total investment in capital assets for governmental and business-type activities of \$18,323,526 which is made up of a broad range of capital assets, including buildings, water and sewer structures, both above and below ground and significant investment in streets.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended February 28, 2017

The following table summarizes the fixed assets of the Village at each fiscal year-end:

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Land Construction in progress Land improvements Infrastructure Buildings and structures Improvements to systems Vehicles Furniture and equipment	\$ 590,383 - 825,258 2,769,030 1,619,876 - 355,707 444,313	\$ 590,383	\$ 691,961 325,686 18,279 - 6,516,051 14,493,206 - 89,237	\$ 691,961 5,201,126 18,279 - 760,288 14,739,920 - 63,483
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(2,873,290</u>)	<u>(2,561,112</u>)	<u>(7,542,171</u>)	(7,306,924)
Net capital assets	\$ <u>3,731,277</u>	\$ <u>4,027,966</u>	\$ <u>14,592,249</u>	\$ <u>14,167,133</u>

The following table summarizes the debt outstanding at each fiscal year-end:

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	
	2017	2016	2017	2016	
General obligation bonds State revolving loan Revenue bonds	\$ 720,000 - -	\$ 850,000 - -	\$ 2,000,000 4,125,852 <u>895,000</u>	\$ - 3,582,469 <u>980,000</u>	
Net long-term debt	\$ <u>720,000</u>	\$ <u>850,000</u>	\$ <u>7,020,852</u>	\$ <u>4,562,469</u>	

The Village's total debt increased due to a new issuance in the sewer fund for the completion of a new wastewater treatment plant and issuance in the water fund for the capital improvements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following significant factors were considered in preparing the Village's budget for the 2017-2018 fiscal year:

- A small increase in state revenue sharing
- An increase in taxable values
- Maintaining current millage rates
- Lease/purchase of a multi-purpose Vactor truck
- Initiation of the water capital project for the construction of an iron treatment plant, replacing valves throughout the water system, and replacing old 4" water lines. Project funded by the sale of bonds.
- Continued sidewalk projects

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended February 28, 2017

Contacting the Village Management

This discussion and analysis is designed to provide a general overview of the Village's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Village Manager, Village of Elk Rapids, 315 Bridge Street, PO Box 398, Elk Rapids, MI 49629-0398.

Statement of Net Position February 28, 2017

	Primary Government						Component Unit		
	Go	vernmental	Business-type					astside	
		Activities		Activities		Total		DDA	
Assets:									
Cash and investments	\$	913,942	\$	4,282,266	\$	5,196,208	\$	56,119	
Receivables		142,414		119,089		261,503		-	
Prepaid items and other assets		-		126		126		-	
Inventory		-		110,453		110,453		-	
Capital assets, net:									
Assets not being depreciated		590,383		1,017,647		1,608,030		-	
Assets being depreciated		3,140,894		13,574,602		16,715,496		-	
Total assets		4,787,633		19,104,183		23,891,816		56,119	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:									
Pension related		113,352		-		113,352			
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable		2,707		17,374		20,081		2,561	
Accrued expenses		11,125		3,914		15,039		38	
Accrued interest		5,600		67,172		72,772		5,300	
Unearned revenue		-		556,950		556,950			
Non-current liabilities:									
Current portion of long-term debt		135,000		345,000		480,000		35,000	
Compensated absences		44,061		27,484		71,545		-	
Due in more than one year		585,000		6,675,852		7,260,852		330,000	
Net pension liability		656,890		-		656,890		-	
Total liabilities		1,440,383		7,693,746		9,134,129		372,899	
Deferred Inflows of Resources:									
Pension related		8,114				8,114			
Net Position:									
Net investment in capital assets		3,011,277		7,571,397		10,582,674		-	
Restricted for:									
Debt service		42,845		-		42,845		-	
Special revenue activity		173,521		-		173,521		-	
Unrestricted	_	224,845		3,839,040	_	4,063,885		(316,780)	
Total net position	\$	3,452,488	\$	11,410,437	\$	14,862,925	\$	(316,780)	

Statement of Activities Year Ended February 28, 2017

Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		perating rants and ntributions	Gr	Capital ants and ntributions	Net (Expense) Revenue	
Primary Government										
Governmental Activities:										
General government	\$	574,578	\$	23,848	\$	47,096	\$	=	\$	(503,634)
Public safety		443,303		2,145		828		-		(440,330)
Public works		635,927		=		222,870		-		(413,057)
Culture and recreation		295,656		-		-		-		(295,656)
Community and economic development		90,657		_		-		-		(90,657)
Interest on long-term debt		19,610		=		-		-		(19,610)
Capital outlay		7,098		-				-		(7,098)
Total governmental activities		2,066,829		25,993		270,794		=		(1,770,042)
Business-type Activities:										
Harbor		1,013,467		1,054,914		-		_		41,447
Sewer		893,915		993,254		9,790		173,286		282,415
Water		409,020		437,057		-		-		28,037
Waste collection		132,925		42,256		-		-		(90,669)
Total business-type activities		2,449,327		2,527,481		9,790		173,286		261,230
Total primary government	\$	4,516,156	\$	2,553,474	\$	280,584	\$	173,286	\$	(1,508,812)
Component Unit										
Eastside DDA	\$	57,853		_		5,720		-	\$	(52,133)
Total component unit	\$	57,853	\$	-	\$	5,720	\$	-	\$	(52,133)

continued..

Statement of Activities (Continued) Year Ended February 28, 2017

		Pr	Com	ponent Unit				
	Go	vernmental	Bus	siness-type		_		Eastside
	Activities		Activities		Total			DDA
Changes in Net Assets		_				_		_
Net (expense) revenue	\$	(1,770,042)	\$	261,230	\$	(1,508,812)	\$	(52,133)
General Revenues, Contributions,								
and Transfers:								
Property taxes		1,250,394		84,107		1,334,501		115,988
Unrestricted grants and contributions		134,984		-		134,984		=
Interest and investment earnings		1,751		8,870		10,621		120
Gain (loss) on sale of assets		(23,584)		(68,928)		(92,512)		-
Other revenues (expenses)		137,417		60,592		198,009		=
Transfers - internal activities		51,877		(39,143)		12,734		(12,734)
Total general revenues, contributions								
and transfers		1,552,839		45,498		1,598,337		103,374
Changes in Net Assets		(217,203)		306,728		89,525		51,241
Net Assets - Beginning of Year		3,669,691	1	11,103,709		14,773,400		(368,021)
Net Assets - End of Year	\$	3,452,488	\$ 1	11,410,437	\$	14,862,925	\$	(316,780)

Village of Elk Rapids
Balance Sheet
Governmental Funds
February 28, 2017

	(General	Major Street		Local Street		Municipal Street		Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total
<u>Assets</u>											
Cash and investments Receivables:	\$	373,196	\$	89,903	\$	1,846	\$	-	\$	260,024	\$ 724,969
Accounts receivable		-		-		-		-		5,054	5,054
Taxes receivable		26,024		-		-		9,399		1,232	36,655
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		2,526	2,526
Due from other governmental units		20,498		46,693		27,735		-		3,253	98,179
Due from other funds		3,533									 3,533
Total assets	\$	423,251	\$	136,596	\$	29,581	\$	9,399	\$	272,089	\$ 870,916
Liabilities and Fund Balances											
Liabilities:											
Accounts payable	\$	1,296	\$	283	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29	\$ 1,608
Due to other funds		-		-		-		351		3,182	3,533
Accrued expenses		3,994		809		612		-		42	5,457
Unearned revenue				-						2,526	 2,526
Total liabilities		5,290		1,092		612		351		5,779	 13,124
Fund Balances: Restricted:											
Special revenue funds		_		135,504		28,969		9,048		_	173,521
Debt service funds		_		100,004		20,303		3,040		48,443	48,443
Committed		_		_		_		_		217,867	217,867
Unassigned		417,961		_		_		_		217,007	417,961
Total fund balances		417,961		135,504		28,969		9,048		266,310	857,792
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	423,251	\$	136,596	\$	29,581	\$	9,399	\$	272,089	\$ 870,916

Reconciliation of Fund Balances on the Balance Sheet for Governmental Funds to Net Position of Governmental Activities on the Statement of Net Position February 28, 2017

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	857,792
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.			
The cost of the capital assets is	\$ 6,604,567		
Accumulated depreciation is	 (2,873,290)	_	
			3,731,277
Because the focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing,			
some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures.			
Those assets (such as certain receivables) are offset by unearned revenues			
in the governmental funds, and these are not included in fund balance.			
Special assessments			2.526
opodal addocumento			2,020
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage and administrative costs to individual governmental funds.			
The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental			
activities in the Statement of Net Position.			
Net position of governmental activities accounted for in the internal service fund	470,694		
Less net capital assets included in cost and accumulated depreciation above	 (288,488)		100.000
Long-term liabilities not due and payable in the current period			182,206
and not reported in the funds:			
Bonds payable	(720,000)		
Accrued interest	(5,600)		
Compensated absences	(44,061)		
	(11,001)	•	(769,661)
Certain pension-related amounts, such as the net pension liability and deferred			, ,
amounts are not due and payable in the current period or do not represent current			
financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds:			
Net pension liability	(656,890)		
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	113,352		
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	 (8,114)		
			(551,652)
			0.450.100
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	3,452,488

Village of Elk Rapids
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds Year Ended February 28, 2017

D	General	Major Street	Local Street	Municipal Street	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Revenues:	6 000 004	•	•	Ф 000 055	Φ 45.044	# 4 000 000
Taxes	\$ 892,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 330,055	\$ 45,811	\$ 1,268,830
Intergovernmental	140,634	155,704	67,166	-	-	363,504
Licenses and permits	5,210	-	-	-	05.450	5,210
Charges for services	759	-	-	-	25,152	25,911
Fines and forfeitures	5,710	-	-		-	5,710
Interest and rentals	801	178	92	74	396	1,541
Other revenue	88,386	13,580			48,262	150,228
Total revenues	1,134,464	169,462	67,258	330,129	119,621	1,820,934
Expenditures:						
General government	279,787	-	-	-	62,989	342,776
Public safety	424,563	-	-	-	-	424,563
Public works	-	229,215	271,328	32,810	-	533,353
Community and economic development	90,657	-	-	-	-	90,657
Culture and recreation	273,795	-	-	-	-	273,795
Debt service:						
Principal payments	_	_	_	_	130,000	130,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-	_	_	21,310	21,310
Capital outlay	_	_	_	_	37,244	37,244
Total expenditures	1.068.802	229,215	271,328	32,810	251,543	1,853,698
, otal oxpoliation	.,000,002					
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	65,662	(59,753)	(204,070)	297,319	(131,922)	(32,764)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Operating transfers in	46,316	105,450	145,000	2,556	160,032	459,354
Operating transfers out	(76,277)	(2,800)	(2,800)	(320,600)	(3,000)	(405,477)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(29,961)	102,650	142,200	(318,044)	157,032	53,877
Total other illiancing sources (uses)	(29,901)	102,030	142,200	(310,044)	137,032	33,677
Net Changes in Fund Balances	35,701	42,897	(61,870)	(20,725)	25,110	21,113
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	382,260	92,607	90,839	29,773	241,200	836,679
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 417,961	\$ 135,504	\$ 28,969	\$ 9,048	\$ 266,310	\$ 857,792

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended February 28, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	21,113
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; in the Statement of Activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation.			
Capital outlay - total	\$ 44,119		
Depreciation expense	(317,224)	•	(273,105)
			, ,
Loss on asset disposal			(1,917)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, but rather are deferred to the following fiscal year.			
Current year earned special assessments			(1,263)
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus, contribute to the change in fund balance. In the Statement of Net Assets, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the Statement of Activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position.			
Repayment to bond holders and bank	130,000		
Decrease in accrued interest	1,700		404 700
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain equipment usage to individual governmental funds. The net revenue (expense) of the fund attributable to those funds is reported with governmental activities. Change in net position from governmental activities in the internal service fund Add back internal service fund depreciation expense included above	38,266 71,395		131,700
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use			109,661
of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.			
Change in the accrual for compensated absences			(13,902)
Governmental funds report the required pension contributions for the fiscal year as an expenditure. The Statement of Activities reports the fully accrued pension expense based upon a December year-end to coincide with the MERS actuarial date. These differences are reported as follows:			
Pension expense	(218,115)		
Contributions expenditures post plan year-end	28,625	<u>.</u>	(400, 400)
			(189,490)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(217,203)

Village of Elk Rapids Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds February 28, 2017

		Governmental Activities				
				Nonmajor		
				Fund Waste		Internal
	Water	Sewer	Harbor	Collection	Total	Service
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,104,750	\$ 711,964	\$ 1,434,927	\$ 30,625	\$ 4,282,266	\$ 188,973
Receivables:						-
Accounts	40,418	76,298	-	-	116,716	-
Taxes	-	-	-	2,373	2,373	-
Inventory, at cost	69,024	14,470	25,259	1,700	110,453	-
Prepaid expenses	126		-		126	
Total current assets	2,214,318	802,732	1,460,186	34,698	4,511,934	188,973
Capital assets:						
Land	25,800	630	665,531	-	691,961	14,012
Land improvements, buildings, and equipment	3,549,442	9,981,364	7,551,053	34,914	21,116,773	633,757
Construction in progress	325,686	-	-	-	325,686	· -
. 5	3,900,928	9,981,994	8,216,584	34,914	22,134,420	647,769
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,557,037)	(2,638,924)	(3,320,174)	(26,036)	(7,542,171)	(359,281)
Net capital assets	2,343,891	7,343,070	4,896,410	8,878	14,592,249	288,488
Total assets	4,558,209	8,145,802	6,356,596	43,576	19,104,183	477,461
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities (payable from current assets):						
Accounts payable	1,643	10,818	2,732	2,181	17,374	1,099
Accrued expenses	7,908	15,900	4,728	2,862	31,398	5,668
Customer deposits	-	235	-	-	235	-
Unearned revenue	-	-	556,715	-	556,715	-
Accrued interest	16,654	41,949	8,569	-	67,172	-
Current portion of long-term debt	75,000	175,000	95,000		345,000	
Total current liabilities (payable from current assets)	101,205	243,902	667,744	5,043	1,017,894	6,767
Noncurrent liabilities:						
General obligation and revenue bonds payable	1,925,000	3,950,852	800,000	_	6,675,852	_
Total noncurrent liabilities	1,925,000	3,950,852	800.000		6,675,852	
Total liabilities	2,026,205	4,194,754	1,467,744	5,043	7,693,746	6,767
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets	343,891	3,217,218	4,001,410	8,878	7,571,397	288,488
Unrestricted	2,188,113	733,830	887,442	29,655	3,839,040	182,206
Total net position	\$ 2,532,004	\$ 3,951,048	\$ 4,888,852	\$ 38,533	\$ 11,410,437	\$ 470,694
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Village of Elk Rapids Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds Year Ended February 28, 2017

		Business tur	a Activities Ent	arariaa Eurada		Governmental
		Business-typ	e Activities - Ent	Nonmajor Fund Waste		Activities Internal
	Water	Sewer	Harbor	Collection	Total	Service
Operating Revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 437,057	\$ 993,320	\$ 1,046,700	\$ 42,256	\$ 2,519,333	\$ 326,730
Other operating revenues		9,790	16,390		26,180	
Total operating revenues	437,057	1,003,110	1,063,090	42,256	2,545,513	326,730
Operating Expenses:						
Water operations	235,643	-	-	-	235,643	-
Sewer operations	-	649,479	-	-	649,479	-
Harbor operations	-	-	732,216	-	732,216	-
Waste collection operations	-	-	-	130,972	130,972	-
Motor pool operations	-	-	-	-	-	193,624
Depreciation	90,356	111,153	256,162	1,953	459,624	71,395
Total operating expenses	325,999	760,632	988,378	132,925	2,207,934	265,019
Operating Income (Loss)	111,058	242,478	74,712	(90,669)	337,579	61,711
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):						
Taxes	-	-	-	83,550	83,550	-
Interest income	5,413	1,098	2,280	81	8,872	210
Interest expense	(30,671)	(133,349)	(25,089)	-	(189,109)	-
Capital contribution	-	173,286	-	-	173,286	-
Bond issuance costs	(52,350)	-	-	-	(52,350)	-
Other income (expense)	38,202	14,770	-	-	52,972	12
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	-	(66,026)	-	(2,901)	(68,927)	(21,667)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(39,406)	(10,221)	(22,809)	80,730	8,294	(21,445)
Net Income (Loss) Before Transfers	71,652	232,257	51,903	(9,939)	345,873	40,266
Transfers:						
Transfers in	14,000	-	9,280	660	23,940	-
Transfers out	(39,685)	(2,800)	(17,800)	(2,800)	(63,085)	(2,000)
Total transfers	(25,685)	(2,800)	(8,520)	(2,140)	(39,145)	(2,000)
Changes in Net Position	45,967	229,457	43,383	(12,079)	306,728	38,266
Net Position - Beginning of Year	2,486,037	3,721,591	4,845,469	50,612	11,103,709	432,428
Net Position - End of Year	\$ 2,532,004	\$ 3,951,048	\$ 4,888,852	\$ 38,533	\$ 11,410,437	\$ 470,694

Village of Elk Rapids Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Year Ended February 28, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds						vernmental Activities				
			Du.	эшеээ-гуре	Au	avides - En	N	onmajor Fund			
		Water		Sewer		Harbor		Waste ollection		Total	Internal Service
Cash Flows From Operating Activities: Cash received from customers, residents and users Other operating receipts	\$	439,182		1,101,868		1,082,590	\$	42,130	\$	2,665,770 26,180	\$ - -
Receipts for interfund services provided Cash paid to suppliers of goods and services		- (172,134)		(804,088)		(520,854)		- (81,587)		(1,578,663)	326,730 (139,746)
Cash paid to employees for services Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	_	(102,171) 164,877		(212,578) 94,992	_	(232,285) 345,841		(52,418) (91,875)	_	(599,452) 513,835	 (58,722) 128,262
Cash Flows From Non-capital Financing Activities:											
Non-operating property taxes Net transfers to/from other funds		- (25,685)		(2,800)		(8,520)		83,550 (2,140)		83,550 (39,145)	(2,000)
Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities		(25,685)		(2,800)		(8,520)		81,410	_	44,405	(2,000)
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:											
Principal paid on long-term debt		_		(170,000)		(85,000)		-		(255,000)	_
Issuance of long-term debt		2,000,000		713,383		-		-		2,713,383	-
Issuance costs of long-term debt Contribution towards capital project		(52,350)		- 173,286		-		-		(52,350) 173,286	
Interest payments		- (14,017)		(91,400)		(25,089)		-		(130,506)	-
Purchase of capital assets, net		(350,371)		(565,087)		(37,206)		_		(952,664)	_
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		1,583,262		60,182		(147,295)		-		1,496,149	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:											
Other nonoperating income received Other nonoperating expenses		38,202		14,770		-		-		52,972	12
Interest income received		5,413		1,098		2,280		81		8,872	210
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	_	43,615		15,868	_	2,280		81		61,844	 222
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,766,069		168,242		192,306		(10,384)		2,116,233	126,484
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		338,681		543,722		1,242,621		41,009		2,166,033	 62,489
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$	2,104,750	\$	711,964	\$ '	1,434,927	\$	30,625	\$	4,282,266	\$ 188,973
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:											
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	\$	111,058	\$	242,478	\$	74,712	\$	(90,669)	\$	337,579	\$ 61,711
Depreciation Changes in:		90,356		111,153		256,162		1,953		459,624	71,395
Receivables Inventories Prepaid expenses		2,125 (40,939)		108,548 (4,316)		- (5,450) -		(126) - -		110,547 (50,705)	- - -
Accounts payable Accrued expenses Unearned revenue Customer deposits		(147) 2,424 - -		(353,171) (9,700) - -		(165) (15,308) 35,890		2,074 (5,107)		(351,409) (27,691) 35,890	 533 (5,377)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	\$	164,877	\$	94,992	\$	345,841	\$	(91,875)	\$	513,835	\$ 128,262

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds February 28, 2017

		Payroll Trust Fund		
Assets:				
Cash and investments	\$	1,728	\$	11,141
Receivable		-		4,891
Total assets	\$	1,728	\$	16,032
Liabilities:				
Due to other agencies	_ \$	1,728	\$	16,032
Total liabilities	\$	1,728	\$	16,032

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Village Operations and Principles of Preparation

The Village of Elk Rapids, Michigan is located in the southwestern corner of Antrim County. The Village operates under a Council form of government and provides various services to its residents including community enrichment and development, public safety, public works, parks and recreation, and general administrative services. The financial statements of the Village of Elk Rapids have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. The criteria established by the GASB for determining the reporting entity includes oversight responsibility, scope of public service, fiscal dependency, and special financial relationships.

Component Units

Downtown Development Authority – The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was formed to enhance the Village's business district by preservation, creation and implementation of the development plans in the district to be financed by taxes from properties within its districts. The members of the governing board of the DDA are appointed by the Village Council. The budgets and expenditures of the DDA must be approved by the Village Council. The Village Council also has the ability to significantly influence the operations of the DDA. A complete financial statement of the DDA can be obtained from the Village Manager, Village of Elk Rapids, 315 Bridge Street, PO Box 398, Elk Rapids, MI 49629-0398.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Statements - The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer funds and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund-Based Statements - Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available if they are collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims, and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This fund is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Major Street Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund. It accounts for revenues received primarily from the State of Michigan Department of Transportation and accounts for street activity relating to the major street functions of the Village.

Local Street Fund – This fund is a special revenue fund. It accounts for revenues received primarily from the State of Michigan Department of Transportation and accounts for street activity relating to the local street functions of the Village.

Municipal Street Fund – This fund accounts for the use of property taxes, which are earmarked for municipal street purposes.

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund – The Water Fund accounts for the activities of the government's water production, purification, and distribution systems.

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Sewer Fund – The Sewer Fund accounts for the activities of the government's sewage collection and treatment systems.

Harbor Fund – The Harbor Fund accounts for the activity of the government's harbor operations.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – These funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Debt Service Funds – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest.

Capital Project Funds – These funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Waste Collection Fund – This fund accounts for the Village's waste collection operations.

Equipment Internal Service Fund – The internal service fund accounts for operations that provide motor vehicle and equipment management to other departments of the Village on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Agency Funds – These funds account for assets held by the Village in a trustee or agency capacity for individuals, private organizations, other governments and/or other funds.

Additional Financial Statement Presentation Information - Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds and of the government's internal service fund are charges to customers for sales and services. The enterprise funds also recognize as operating revenues the portion of fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Deposits and Investments – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand and certificates of deposit.

State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposit and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers' acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools. The Village's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law pertaining to investment credit risk.

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Receivables and Payables – All receivables are reported at their net value. They are reduced, where appropriate, by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible.

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type and fiduciary activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Prepaid Items – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Restricted Assets – Certain proceeds of the enterprise funds' revenue bonds, as well as certain resources set aside for their repayment, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. Also, certain resources have been set aside to fund capital asset replacements.

Capital Assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, if any, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No such interest expense was incurred during the current fiscal year.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Land improvements	15
Buildings and improvements	40 - 50
Infrastructure	20
Systems and improvements	30 - 60
Vehicles	5 - 12
Furniture, machinery, and equipment	5 - 15

Compensated Absences – Vacation and sick days for Village employees are determined based on contracts with Village employees. The liability for these amounts is included in the government-wide and enterprise fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Long-Term Obligations – In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Fund Equity –Fund balances of governmental funds are categorized according to five defined categories of fund balance. These categories consist of nonspendable amounts which are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact, restricted amounts that are constrained for specific purposes set by external parties or law, committed amounts that are constraints set by the highest decision making authority (Village Council) and may only be removed by those individuals, assigned amounts that have an intended but no formal specific purpose, and unassigned amounts which are the residual of the other categories and have no specific purpose. It is the Village's policy to generally use fund balance in order according to hierarchy of fund balance categories, from restricted down to unassigned.

Property Taxes - The government's property taxes are levied each July 1 on the taxable valuation of property located in the Village as of the preceding December 31, the lien date. Property taxes are payable without penalty and interest through September 14; as of March 1 of the succeeding year, unpaid real property taxes are turned over to Antrim County.

Assessed values as established annually by the government, and subject to acceptance by the County, are equalized by the State at an estimated 50% of current market value. Real and personal property in the Village for 2016 had a taxable value of approximately \$114,000,000 (not including properties subject to Industrial Facilities Tax exemption), representing 50% of estimated current market value. The government's tax rate for the fiscal year was 7.580 mills for general operating, 0.770 for waste collection, 3.050 for municipal streets, and .4000 for debt service.

No tax abatements were provided to property tax payers which would require disclosure in accordance with GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

The general and special revenue funds are the governmental fund types under formal budgetary control. The Village adopts its budget in accordance with Public Act 621, the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act, which mandates an annual budget process and annual appropriation act to implement the budget.

- 1) A general and special revenue funds budget is presented to Village Council in January, at which time hearings on the budget are scheduled. A Public Hearing is held in February and a special meeting is held to give management the opportunity to discuss their budget with the Council.
- 2) The budget, and an appropriation ordinance implementing it, is then adopted in February.
- 3) Formal budget integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- 4) Budgets presented for the general and special revenue funds were prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting. Encumbrances are not recorded at year-end.
- 5) Expenditures may not legally exceed activity (department) totals in the general fund. All other special revenue funds cannot legally exceed their respective fund totals. Expenditures exceeding budgeted amounts, if any, are disclosed in the required supplementary information section.
- 6) Budgets for the current year are reviewed during the year for any revision of estimates. Proposed increases or reductions in appropriations are presented to the Council for their action. The legislative body amends the general appropriation act as soon as it becomes apparent this action is necessary.
- 7) The Council has the authority to amend all budgets at the fund level through the appropriation ordinance. It further has the right to amend the general fund at the activity level if it desires. Management has no authority to amend budgets at the fund level. Management can do transfers within funds at the departmental level without governing board approval but not between departments.
- 8) The budgetary information presented has been amended during the year by an official action of the Village Council.
- 9) All budget appropriations lapse at the end of each fund's fiscal year.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

To facilitate better management of the Village's resources, cash is combined in a pooled operating account for much of the Village's activity.

At year-end, the Village's deposits were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	ernmental ctivities	Business-Type Activities		Total Primary Government		Component Units		Fiduciary Funds		Total	
Cash & cash equivalents	\$ 913,942	\$	4,282,266	\$	5,196,208	\$	56,119	\$	12,869	\$	5,265,196

Notes to Financial Statements

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

The cash and cash equivalents for the Village by type are as follows:

Deposits (checking and savings accounts, certificates of deposit)	\$ 5,264,717
Petty cash and cash on hand	479_
Total	\$ 5,265,196

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Village's deposits may not be returned. The Village has not adopted and State law does not require a policy for deposit custodial credit risk. As of year-end, approximately \$5,124,000 of the Village's bank balance of approximately \$5,374,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

4. Receivables

Receivables of the governmental activities of the primary government at year-end consisted of the following:

Other governmental units (primarily the State of Michigan)	\$ 98,179
Special assessments	2,526
Other	41,709
	\$ 142,414

Village of Elk Rapids Notes to Financial Statements

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended February 28, 2017 was as follows:

	Beginning		Disposals and	Ending		
Primary Government	Balance	Additions	Adjustments	Balance		
Governmental Activites:						
Capital assets not being depreciated	d:					
Land	\$ 590,383	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 590,383		
Total capital assets						
not being depreciated	590,383			590,383		
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land improvements	829,091	-	3,833	825,258		
Infrastructure	2,756,491	12,539	-	2,769,030		
Buildings and improvements	1,619,876	-	-	1,619,876		
Vehicles	324,127	31,580	-	355,707		
Furniture and equipment	469,110		24,797	444,313		
Total capital assets						
being depreciated	5,998,695	44,119	28,630	6,014,184		
Accumulated depreciation:						
Land improvements	428,431	51,303	1,917	477,817		
Infrastructure	924,867	140,510	-	1,065,377		
Buildings and improvements	844,525	32,929	-	877,454		
Vehicles	214,262	33,291	-	247,553		
Furniture and equipment	149,027	59,191	3,129	205,089		
Total accumulated depreciation	2,561,112	317,224	5,046	2,873,290		
Total capital assets						
being depreciated - net	3,437,583	(273,105)	23,584	3,140,894		
Governmental activities						
capital assets - net	\$ 4,027,966	\$ (273,105)	\$ 23,584	\$ 3,731,277		

Village of Elk Rapids Notes to Financial Statements

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Type Activities Balance		Addit	ions	Disposals and Adjustments		Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated	 d:					-	
Land	\$ 69	91,961	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 691,961
Construction in progress	5,20	01,126	890	0,775		5,766,215	 325,686
Total capital assets							
not being depreciated	5,89	93,087	890	0,775		5,766,215	1,017,647
Capital assets being depreciated:							
Buildings and improvements	76	50,288	5,77	7,667		21,904	6,516,051
Land improvements	•	18,279		-		-	18,279
Systems and improvements	14,73	39,920	24	4,687		271,401	14,493,206
Machinery and equipment	(53,483	2	5,754		-	89,237
Total capital assets							
being depreciated	15,58	31,970	5,828	3,108		293,305	21,116,773
Accumulated depreciation	7,30	06,924	459	9,624		224,377	7,542,171
Total capital assets							
being depreciated - net	8,27	75,046	5,368	3,484		68,928	13,574,602
Business-type activities							
capital assets - net	\$ 14,16	58,133	\$6,259	9,259	\$	5,835,143	\$ 14,592,249

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General government	\$ 35,357
Public safety	18,740
Public works	169,871
Recreation and culture	21,861
Depreciation on capital assets held by the Village's internal service fund is	
charged to the various functions based on usage of the assets	71,395
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 317,224
Business-Type Activities:	
Water	\$ 90,356
Sewer	111,153
Harbor	256,162
Waste Collection	1,953
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 459,624

Notes to Financial Statements

6. Interfund Transfers

	Transfers In		<u>Tra</u>	nsfers Out
Transfers:				
General Fund	\$	46,316	\$	76,277
Major Street Fund		105,450		2,800
Local Street Fund		145,000		2,800
Municipal Street Fund		2,556		320,600
Proprietary Funds		23,940		65,085
Component Unit		-		12,734
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		160,032		3,000
	\$	483,294	\$	483,294

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the applicable debt service fund as debt service payments become due; and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

7. Long-Term Debt

The Village issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the Village.

Governmental activities - long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

		eginning Balance	Ac	lditions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	ounts Due ithin One Year
Governmental Activities:	,							
Bonds	\$	850,000	\$	-	\$	130,000	\$ 720,000	\$ 135,000
Compensated absences		30,159		13,902		-	44,061	
Total	\$	880,159	\$	13,902	\$	130,000	\$ 764,061	\$ 135,000

The following is a summary of the general obligation debt outstanding of the Village as of February 28, 2017:

	Interest Rate	Maturing Through	rincipal tstanding
Governmental activities:			
2013 General obligation water bonds	2.25%	2021	\$ 170,000
2003 Capital improvements bonds - Bridge St.	2.25-4.45%	2019	90,000
2009 Capital improvements bonds - River St.	2.25%	2025	460,000
			\$ 720,000

Notes to Financial Statements

7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the above governmental activities bond obligations are as follows:

	P	Principal		Principal		Interest		Total
2018	\$	135,000	\$	16,706	\$	151,706		
2019		140,000		12,701		152,701		
2020		105,000		9,507		114,507		
2021		100,000		7,144		107,144		
2022		60,000		5,400		65,400		
2023-2025		180,000		8,100		188,100		
	\$	720,000	\$	59,558	\$	779,558		

Business-type activities - long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance	 ounts Due ithin One Year
Business-Type Activities:						
Bonds	\$ 980,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$	85,000	\$ 2,895,000	\$ 170,000
State Revolving Loan	3,582,469	713,383		170,000	4,125,852	175,000
Compensated absences	 40,476	 -		12,992	27,484	
Total	\$ 4,602,945	\$ 2,713,383	\$	267,992	\$ 7,048,336	\$ 345,000

	Interest Rate	Maturing Through	Principal utstanding
Business-type activities:			
2012 Capital Improvement - Harbor	1.10% - 3.30%	2028	\$ 895,000
2014 Waste Water Treatment Plant	2.50%	2036	4,125,852
2016 Capital Improvement Bonds - Water	2.00% - 3.00%	2037	2,000,000
			\$ 7,020,852

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the above business-type bond obligations are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2018	\$ 345,000	\$ 173,395	\$ 518,395
2019	360,000	166,888	526,888
2020	335,000	158,816	493,816
2021	340,000	150,708	490,708
2022	355,000	142,411	497,411
2023-2027	1,895,000	575,156	2,470,156
2028-2032	1,805,000	336,104	2,141,104
2033-2037	1,585,852	102,701	1,688,553
	\$ 7,020,852	\$ 1,806,179	\$ 8,827,031

Notes to Financial Statements

7. Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Component unit activities long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	eginning Balance	Add	itions	Re	ductions	Ending Balance		unts Due thin One Year
Component Unit:		_						
Bonds	\$ 400,000	\$	-	\$	35,000	\$	365,000	\$ 35,000

	Interest Rate	Maturing Through	rincipal tstanding
Component unit: 2008 Lake/Loomis St. bonds	4.35%	2025	\$ 365,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on the above component unit bond obligations are as follows:

	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total
2018	\$	35,000	\$	15,878	\$ 50,878
2019		40,000		14,356	54,356
2020		40,000		12,616	52,616
2021		45,000		10,876	55,876
2022		45,000		8,918	53,918
2023-2025		160,000		14,140	174,140
	\$	365,000	\$	76,784	\$ 441,784

8. Pension Plan – Agent Multiple-Employer Plan

Description of Plan and Plan Assets

Plan Description - The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine member Retirement Board. Public Act 427 of 1984, as amended, establishes and amends the benefit provisions of the participants in MERS. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided - Pension benefits are calculated as final average compensation (based on a 3 year period) and multipliers of 2.25%. Participants are considered to be fully vested in the plan after 10 years. Normal retirement age is 60 with early retirement at age 50 with 25 years of service or age 55 with 15 years of service. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. Currently, member contributions are 4.70%.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms. At December 31, 2016, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	4
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	2
Active employees	<u>21</u>
Total membership	<u>27</u>

Notes to Financial Statements

8. Pension Plan – Agent Multiple-Employer Plan

Contributions - The employer is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The employer may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. Employer contributions are 10.0% based on annual payroll.

Net Pension Liability - The Village's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3% to 4%
Salary increases calendar	4.5% in the long-term (1%, 2% and 3% for
•	Years 2014, 2015 and 2016, respectively)
Investment rate of return	7.75%, net of investment expense and including
	inflation

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 4.5% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3%-4%.

Mortality rates used were based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table of a 50% Male and 50% Female blend. For disabled retirees, the regular mortality table is used with a 10-year set forward in ages to reflect the higher expected mortality rates of disabled members.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study conducted in 2008. (MERS Retirement Board is currently conducting an actuarial experience study covering the period from January 1, 2009, through December 31, 2013.)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	57.5%	5.02%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	2.18%
Real Assets	12.5%	4.23%
Diversifying Strategies	10.0%	6.56%

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 8.25% for 2016. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees.

Notes to Financial Statements

8. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer Plan

Discount Rate (Continued) - Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in Net Pension Liability

The components of the change in the net pension liability are summarized as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (a) - (b)
Balances at December 31, 2015	\$ 2,176,779	\$ 1,511,451	\$ 665,328
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	127,855	-	127,855
Interest on total pension liability	175,485	-	175,485
Changes in benefits	6,204	-	6,204
Difference between expected			-
and actual experience	(7,863)	-	(7,863)
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-
Employer contributions	-	94,228	(94,228)
Employee contributions	-	43,141	(43,141)
Net investment income	-	176,223	(176,223)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	(94,297)	(94,297)	-
Administrave expense	-	(3,473)	3,473
Other changes			
Net changes	207,384	215,822	(8,438)
Balances at December 31, 2016	\$ 2,384,163	\$ 1,727,273	\$ 656,890

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the Village, calculated using the discount rate of 8.00%, as well as what the Village's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (7.00%) or 1% higher (9.00%) than the current rate:

	Current				
	 Decrease (7.00%)		ount Rate .00%)	-	% Increase <u>(9.00%)</u>
Village's net pension liability	\$ 288,794	\$		\$	(242,612)

Note: The current discount rate shown for GASB 68 purposes is higher than the MERS assumed rate of return. This is because for GASB purposes, the discount rate must be gross of administrative expenses, whereas for funding purposes, it is net of administrative expenses.

Notes to Financial Statements

8. Pension Plan - Agent Multiple-Employer Plan

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended February 28, 2017, the Village recognized pension expense of \$81,056. The Village reported deferred outflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	- 71,527	\$	8,114 -
on pension plan investments		13,200 84,727		8,114
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date Total	•	28,625		0 114
lotai	φ	113,352	φ	8,114

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the year ending February 28, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended February 28	_	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
2018	\$	24,727	\$	1,831		
2019		24,727		1,831		
2020		24,727		1,830		
2021		10,546		1,311		
2022		<u> </u>		1,311		
Total	\$	84,727	\$	8,114		

9. Risk Management

The Village is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the year ended February 28, 2017, the Village carried commercial insurance to cover all risks of losses. The Village had no settled claims resulting from these risks that exceeded commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.



Village of Elk Rapids
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
General Fund Year Ended February 28, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts					
		Original		Final	Actual	
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$	798,197	\$	798,197	\$	892,964
State revenue		137,550		137,550		140,634
Licenses and permits		3,275		3,275		5,210
Charges for services		400		400		759
Fines and violations		3,500		3,500		5,710
Interest and rentals		-		-		801
Other revenue		8,700		8,700		88,386
Total revenues		951,622		951,622		1,134,464
Expenditures:						
General government:						
Village manager		56,080		70,460		66,352
Administrative		95,907		95,907		94,384
Clerk		107,727		123,738		119,051
Total general government	-	259,714		290,105		279,787
Public safety:						
Police		439,305		439,305		424,563
Community and economic development:						
Zoning		98,224		98,224		90,657
Culture and recreation:						
Park maintenance expense		219,729		255,313		253,328
Parks and recreation		4,150		4,150		1,167
Beautification department		19,792		22,051		19,300
Total culture and recreation		243,671		281,514		273,795
Total expenditures		1,040,914		1,109,148		1,068,802
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(89,292)		(157,526)		65,662
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in		45,700		45,700		46,316
Transfers out		(77,940)		(77,940)		(76,277)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(32,240)		(32,240)		(29,961)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(121,532)		(189,766)		35,701
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		382,260		382,260		382,260
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	260,728	\$	192,494	\$	417,961

Village of Elk Rapids
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Major Street Fund
Year Ended February 28, 2017

		Original		Final	Actual
Revenues:					
State revenue	\$	123,400	\$	123,400	\$ 155,704
Interest and rentals		-		-	178
Other revenue			-		 13,580
Total revenues		123,400		123,400	 169,462
Expenditures:					
Highways and streets:					
Street maintenance		163,194		163,194	137,470
Winter maintenance		99,261		99,261	 91,745
Total highways and streets		262,455		262,455	229,215
Total expenditures		262,455		262,455	229,215
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(139,055)		(139,055)	 (59,753)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in		110,000		110,000	105,450
Transfers out		(2,800)		(2,800)	(2,800)
Total other financing sources (uses)		107,200		107,200	102,650
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(31,855)		(31,855)	42,897
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		92,607		92,607	 92,607
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	60,752	\$	60,752	\$ 135,504

Village of Elk Rapids
Budgetary Comparison Schedule
Local Street Fund Year Ended February 28, 2017

	Budg				
	Original		Final		Actual
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 86,5	500 \$	86,500	\$	67,166
Interest and rentals					92
Total revenues	86,5	500	86,500		67,258
Expenditures:					
Highways and streets:					
Construction	98,2	200	98,700		98,700
Street maintenance	121,2	274	121,274		118,259
Winter maintenance	54,9		57,815		54,369
Total highways and streets	274,4	159	277,789	-	271,328
Total expenditures	274,4	159	277,789		271,328
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(187,9	959)	(191,289)		(204,070)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	145,0	000	145,000		145,000
Transfers out	(2,8	300)	(2,800)		(2,800)
Total other financing sources (uses)	142,2	200	142,200		142,200
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(45,7	759)	(49,089)		(61,870)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	90,8	339	90,839		90,839
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 45,0)80 \$	41,750	\$	28,969

Budgetary Comparison Schedule Municipal Street Fund Year Ended February 28, 2017

		Budgeted		
		Original	Final	Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$	347,470	\$ 347,470	\$ 330,055
Interest and rentals			 -	 74
Total revenues		347,470	 347,470	 330,129
Expenditures:				
Public works:				
Street lighting		33,000	33,000	32,607
Other		500	 500	203
Total public works		33,500	33,500	32,810
Total expenditures		33,500	 33,500	 32,810
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		313,970	 313,970	 297,319
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers in		2,300	2,300	2,556
Transfers out		(325,150)	(325, 150)	(320,600)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(322,850)	(322,850)	(318,044)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(8,880)	(8,880)	(20,725)
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	_	29,773	 29,773	 29,773
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	20,893	\$ 20,893	\$ 9,048

Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios
Last Fiscal Year (Amounts Determined as of 12/31)

	2016	2015
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefits Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 127,855 175,485 6,204 (7,863)	\$ 91,161 158,714 (20,444) (2,603)
Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions Other changes	(94,297)	119,212 (69,470) (25,501)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	207,384	251,069
Total Pension Liability, Beginning of Year	2,176,779	1,925,710
Total Pension Laibility, End of Year	2,384,163	2,176,779
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expense	94,228 43,141 176,223 (94,297) (3,474)	88,747 23,848 85,932 (69,470) (1,682)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	215,821	127,375
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning of Year	1,511,451	1,384,076
Plan Fiduciary Net Position, End of Year	1,727,272	1,511,451
Net Pension Liability	\$ 656,891	\$ 665,328
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	72.4%	69.4%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 985,018	\$ 774,516
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	66.7%	85.9%

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2016. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Contributions Last Fiscal Year (Amounts Determined as of 12/31)

	2016	2015
Actuarial determined contributions	\$ 94,228	\$ 88,747
Contributions in relation to the actuarially		
determined contribution	 94,228	 88,747
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -
Covered employee payroll	\$ 985,018	\$ 774,516
Contributions as a percentage of covered		
employee payroll	9.6%	11.5%

Note: GASB 68 was implemented in fiscal year 2016. This schedule is being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial cost method Entry Age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed

Inflation3.5%Salary increases4.5%Investment rate of return7.75%

Retirement age Varies depending on plan adoption

Mortality 50% Female/50% Male 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table



Village of Elk Rapids Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds February 28, 2017

	Building Operating		Debt Service		Capital Project		Total	
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and investments	\$	_	\$	47,213	\$	212,811	\$	260,024
Accounts receivable	•	_	·	-	•	5,054	•	5,054
Taxes receivable		-		1,232		· -		1,232
Due from other governmental units		3,253		-		-		3,253
Special assessments				-		2,526		2,526
Total assets	\$	3,253	\$	48,445	\$	220,391	\$	272,089
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	29	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29
Accrued expenses		42		-		-		42
Due to other funds		3,182		-		-		3,182
Unearned revenue		-				2,526		2,526
Total liabilities		3,253				2,526		5,779
Fund Balances:								
Restricted		_		48,443		_		48,443
Committed		-		2		217,865		217,867
Total fund balances		-		48,445		217,865		266,310
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	3,253	\$	48,445	\$	220,391	\$	272,089

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Year Ended February 28, 2017

	Buildin Operatir	_	Debt Service						Capital Project	Total	
Revenues:		<u>.</u>			 		_				
Taxes	\$	-	\$	45,811	\$ -	\$	45,811				
Charges for services	25,	152		-	-		25,152				
Interest revenue		-		55	341		396				
Miscellaneous					 48,262		48,262				
Total revenues	25,	152		45,866	48,603		119,621				
Expenditures:											
General government	62,9	989		-	-		62,989				
Debt service:											
Principal payments		-		130,000	-		130,000				
Interest and fiscal charges		-		21,310	-		21,310				
Capital outlay		-		-	37,244		37,244				
Total expenditures	62,9	989		151,310	37,244		251,543				
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(37,8	337)		(105,444)	11,359		(131,922)				
Other Financing Sources (Uses):											
Transfers in	40,8	337		107,035	12,160		160,032				
Transfers out	(3,0	000)		-	-		(3,000)				
Total other financing sources (uses)	37,8	337		107,035	12,160		157,032				
Changes in Fund Balances		-		1,591	23,519		25,110				
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year				46,854	 194,346		241,200				
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$		\$	48,445	\$ 217,865	\$	266,310				

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Debt Service Funds February 28, 2017

	River rossing	idge reet	ver reet	 Total
<u>Assets</u>	 			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,211	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 47,213
Taxes receivable	1,232	-	-	1,232
Total assets	\$ 48,443	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 48,445
<u>Liabilities and Fund Balances</u> Fund Balances:				
Restricted	\$ 48,443	\$ -	\$ _	\$ 48,443
Committed	-	1	1	2
Total fund balances	48,443	1	1	48,445
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 48,443	\$ 1	\$ 1	\$ 48,445

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds
Year Ended February 28, 2017

	River rossing	•		River Street		Total
Revenues:	 					
Taxes	\$ 45,811	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 45,811
Interest revenue	55		-		-	55
Miscellaneous	-		-		-	-
Total revenues	45,866		-			45,866
Expenditures:						
Debt service:						
Principal payments	40,000		40,000		50,000	130,000
Interest and fiscal charges	4,275		5,560		11,475	21,310
Total expenditures	44,275		45,560		61,475	151,310
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	 1,591		(45,560)		(61,475)	(105,444)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Transfers in	-		45,560		61,475	107,035
Total other financing sources (uses)			45,560		61,475	107,035
Changes in Fund Balances	1,591		-		-	1,591
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year	 46,852		1		1	46,854
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$ 48,443	\$	1	\$	1	\$ 48,445

Village of Elk Rapids Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Capital Project Funds February 28, 2017

	General Capital Projects			thwest llage oject	Total		
<u>Assets</u>		Tojecis	FI	ojeci	-	Total	
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$	212,756	\$	55	\$	212,811	
Accounts receivable		5,054		_		5,054	
Special assessments		2,526		_		2,526	
Total assets	\$	220,336	\$	55	\$	220,391	
Liabilities and Fund Balances							
Liabilities: Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$	2,526 2,526	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	2,526 2,526	
Fund Balances:							
Committed		217,810		55		217,865	
Total fund balances		217,810		55		217,865	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	220,336	\$	55	\$	220,391	

Village of Elk RapidsCombining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Capital Project Funds Year Ended February 28, 2017

	General Capital Projects		Southwest Village Project		Total
Revenues:		Tojecis	Project		 TOLAI
Local contributions	\$	-	\$	_	\$ _
Interest revenue		341		-	341
Other revenue		48,262		-	 48,262
Total revenues		48,603			48,603
Expenditures:					
Capital outlay		37,244		-	 37,244
Total expenditures		37,244		_	37,244
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		11,359			 11,359
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Gain (loss) on sale of asset		-		-	-
Transfers in		12,160		-	12,160
Transfers out				-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)		12,160			 12,160
Changes in Fund Balances		23,519		-	23,519
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		194,291		55	194,346
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	217,810	\$	55	\$ 217,865



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Village Council Village of Elk Rapids Elk Rapids, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Elk Rapids, as of and for the year ended February 28, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Village of Elk Rapids' basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated July 3, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Village of Elk Rapids' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Village of Elk Rapids' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs that we consider to be material weaknesses. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as 2017-001 and 2017-002 to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Village of Elk Rapids' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an object of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*

Village of Elk Rapids' Response to Findings

The Village's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The Village of Elk Rapids' response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

July 3, 2017

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Finding 2017-001

Currently, the Village's staff prepares the internal interim and annual financial statements. The annual financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2017, required the assistance of the auditors for preparation. Professional standards AU-C Section 265 titled *Communicating Internal Control Related Matters Identified in an Audit* requires us to communicate in writing when a client requests assistance to prepare the financial statements required in the annual audit report in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The staff of the Village does understand all information included in the annual financial statements; however, we assist in preparing the financial statements and the footnotes to the annual financial statements. We do not recommend any changes to this situation at this time and communicate this as required by professional standards. We believe this meets the definition of a material weakness.

Client Response

We are aware of this deficiency and believe it is not cost beneficial in our situation to develop this expertise. We will continue to use our external auditors for this technical assistance. We would expect this situation to be ongoing in future years.

Finding 2017-002

During the course of the audit, we made material adjustments to the fund financial statements that had a material effect on the ending balances. We believe this meets the definition of a material weakness.

Client Response

We are aware of the adjustments that were made. We will implement a review of the financial statements to consider any potential adjustments. We would expect this situation to be corrected in future years.



July 3, 2017

To the Village Council Village of Elk Rapids Elk Rapids, Michigan

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Village of Elk Rapids for the year ended February 28, 2017. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Village of Elk Rapids are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during 2017. We noted no transactions entered into by the governmental unit during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the Village of Elk Rapids' financial statements were:

Management's estimate of depreciation is based on estimated lives of assets using historical data. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the depreciation methods and lives in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The financial statements contain estimates for net pension liability and related deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources. The information has been provided by MERS to all municipalities participating in the pension system. We evaluated key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

The disclosures in the financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. All adjustments proposed were made by management and included material adjustments.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, professional standards define a disagreement with management as a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated July 3, 2017.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the governmental unit's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the governmental unit's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis and Statements of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget to Actual – General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, which are required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of Village Council and management of the Village of Elk Rapids and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.

Willis & Jurasek, P.C.